

Messi & Paoloni LECEND

Since 1946



"CABLE EXCELLENCE IS OUR MISSION"

Ham Radio

Pro Cables

MESSI & PAOLO

Messi & Paoloni coaxial cables www.messi.it

PROUD OF "OUR" MADE IN ITALY

Messi & Paoloni celebrated on March 10th 2014, 68 years in business, 58 of which have been spent in telecommunications.

70 years ago, the 18th of July 1944, Ancona was seized by the II polish army corps.

During the anglo-american occupation, two young boys, the 17 years old Messi Michele and the 21 years old Dino Paoloni, were employed as civil personnel in the allied military transmitting station of Ancona harbour. It was here, during this job, that they first met each other, sharing their passion for telecommunications. Two years later, the two friends decided to establish the Messi & Paoloni company. During the first ten years of their activity, these young boys, selected their purchases at the post-war Photokina exhibition in Cologne, and rushed all around central Italy, selling, installing and servicing film projectors in all the new cinemas being rebuilt after the destruction of the war. In June 1956 they became Fracarro agents for Marche and Umbria, settling back to their first love: Radiofrequency. During this long term cooperation with Fracarro (the major italian TV antenna manufacturer), they decided to establish in 1974 the coaxial cable factory (primarily 75 Ohm). Several years later, the passion for radiofrequency affected the two partners sons, Paolo Paoloni and Stefano Messi. This led to the start of 50 Ohm cables production. In 1985 we started our business relationship with the first german customer: a long lasting and satisfactory 50 Ohm experience together. With the acquisition of 100 % of the shares in 1995, Stefano and Maurizio Messi took up the torch from the "founders", carrying out passionately complex projects and continuing the legacy of innovation.

In 1984, we developed our first satellite cable, model **SC/100AG** and in 1990 we created model **SAT 5** (now **DIGISAT 5 ELITE**). This model, 24 years ago, was already putting together all the best features for a digital cable (screening efficiency in A++ CLASS). After an evolution lasted 24 years, **DIGISAT 5 ELITE** is by far the best 75 Ohm cable in the world (6.8 mm jacket), performing the best attenuation values for its category (25 dB/100m to 2150 MHz). The continuous improvements in the different production cycles and continuous investments in research and technological innovation, brought the **"GAS EXPANDED TL"** technology.

The new models designed for the HAM RADIO world, (M&P-BROAD-PRO 50, M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10, M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7, M&P-AIRBORNE 5), are all made with screening efficiency >105 dB! This leads to an excellent immunity against electromagnetic interferences and low frequency impulsive noises, (responsible for the increasing of the background noise levels). Moreover, having very well screened cables, such as these items, gives the Ham Radio world the chance to dramatically reduce the noise level emissions from the cable itself, minimizing troubles in urban flats and urban areas.

Differently, cables such as RG 213/U or RG 8, have 55 dB of screening efficiency, RG 58 C/U has 50 dB of screening efficiency and the extra shielded RG 214 A/U despite its impressive dual screen, can not show off more than 80 dB!



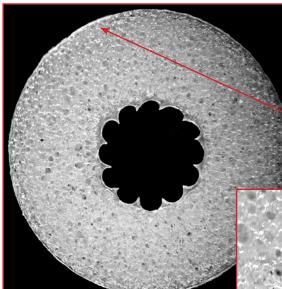
In order to achieve such top level screening efficiency values, we use in our production 24 spools braiding machines: that means 50% more crossovers if compared to traditional braiding machines (16 spools) used by the most famous and well-know cables manufacturers in the world.

Quality is the philosophy behind the construction of each one of our cables.

Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).



The difficulty does not lie in making a triple layer dielectric, but in closing and sealing the perfectly homogeneous foam, with its alveolar structure and sophisticated mechanics, between two protective layers (skins).



In the image at your left, we can clearly distinguish at 150 x magnifications, the mechanical structure of the **Gas Expanded TL** (triple layer) technology.

The most well-known manufacturers are betting technological supremacy on these few millimeters, on this physical-mechanical microcosm!

GAS EXPANDED TRIPLE LAYER

The two protective layers are adding to these cables, excellent resistance to high moisture persistence environments.

(anyway, water tight connectors are warmly recommended, as moisture can penetrate through the connector itself, circumventing the above mentioned protective layers.).



It's quite clear that the outer sealing layer, is preserving the dielectric properties of the sophisticated structural geometry. The inner foam, is also enclosed by a protective inner barrier (in contact with the central conductor).

In the cables for underground laying, where more than in any other application, such moisture persistance might occur, in addition to these new protections, we apply a further expensive **Petrol Jelly (PJ)** layer over the braid.





means of 24 spools braiding machines.(50% more intersections if compared to traditional 16 spools machines.) This braid is HIGHLY EFFEC-**TIVE AGAINST LOW FREQUENCY IMPULSIVE** NOISES.

SCREENING

PERCENTAGE: 71%

144 wires

The copper foil has an applied PE-coating, placed in order to prevent foil cracking due to short radius bends. **SCREENING PERCENTAGE 100% CU-POL**

Inner conductor: 99,99% pure electrolitic annealed bare copper. (annealed = thermal softening process)

Cu Ø 2,7 mm (0,106 inches)

High pressure physical injection foamed polyethylene TRIPLE LAYER DIELECTRIC FPE Ø 7,3 ± 0,05 mm

ELECTRICAL DATA

Impedance @200MHz: 50 Ohm ± 3 Minimum bending radius: Multiple bends/single bend 103/65 mm Temperature: installation -40° to +60° C operative -55° to +85° C

Capacitance: $74 pF/m \pm 2$ Velocity ratio: 85 %

Screening efficiency:

100-2000 MHz >105 dB Class A++

Inner conductor resistance: 3,2 Ohm/Km Outer conductor resistance: 9,2 Ohm/Km Tension test (spark test): 8 kV

12,8 Kg Weight (100m): 8500 WATT Maximum peak power: * For connectors see the last page of the catalog

50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).

SRL

0,3-600 MHz >30 dB 600-1200 MHz >25 dB 1200-2000 MHz >20 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 4

$\Delta T T$	ENU	ATI	ON	at:	20°	С

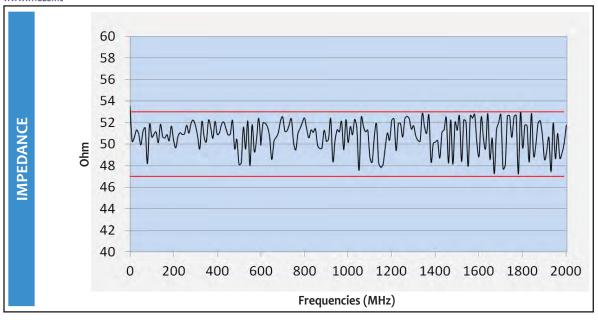
REQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/1001
1,8 MHz	0,45	0,13
3,5 MHz	0,60	0,18
7,0 MHz	0,89	0,27
10 MHz	1,14	0,34
14 MHz	1,39	0,42
21 MHz	1,75	0,51
28 MHz	1,93	0,59
50 MHz	2,60	0,79
100 MHz	3,70	1,12
144 MHz	4,59	1,40
200 MHz	5,40	1,64
400 MHz	8,00	2,43
430 MHz	8,20	2,50
800 MHz	11,60	3,53
1000 MHz	13,00	3,96
1296 MHz	15,00	4,57
2400 MHz	21,50	6,56
3000 MHz	24,70	7,53
4000 MHz	28,67	8,73
5000 MHz	32,67	9,95
6000 MHz	36,67	11,17

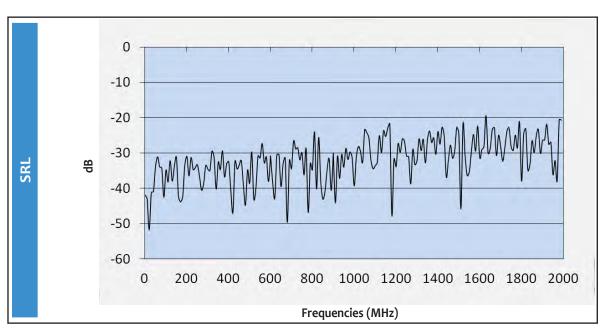
POWER HANDLING

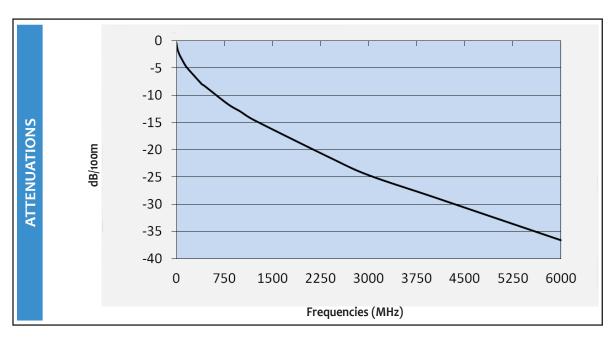
TOWERTIA	ADLING
FREQUENCY	MAXP
1,8 MHz	7470 W
3,5 MHz	7133 W
7,0 MHz	6730 W
10 MHz	6490 W
14 MHz	6230 W
21 MHz	5730 W
28 MHz	5500 W
50 MHz	4710 W
100 MHz	3660 W
144 MHz	2980 W
200 MHz	2470 W
400 MHz	1360 W
430 MHz	1300 W
800 MHz	640 W
1000 MHz	480 W
1200 MHz	380 W
2400 MHz	260 W
3000 MHz	200 W
4000 MHz	150 W
5000 MHz	120 W
6000 MHZ	100 W



M&P-BROAD-PRO 50









Black protective PVC jacket, waterproof and UV resistant. This cable can be laid underground. The red PE jacket clearly shows potential cracks on the above external sheath. (which might occur during pulling on rocky and rough environments).

The copper foil has an applied PE-coating, placed in order to prevent foil cracking due to short radius bends. **SCREENING PERCENTAGE 100%**

CU-POL

Inner conductor: 99,99% pure electrolitic annealed bare copper.

(annealed = thermal softening process)

Cu Ø 2,7 mm (0,106 inches)

LAYER DIELECTRIC FPE Ø 7,3 ± 0,05 mm

ELECTRICAL DATA

Impedance @200MHz:		50 Ohm ± 3
Minimum bending radio	us:	
Multiple bends/single bend		124/80 mm
Temperature:	installation	-40° to +60° C
	operative	-55° to +85° C
Capacitance:		74 pF/m ± 2
Velocity ratio:		85 %
Screening efficiency:		
100-2000 MHz		>105 dB
Class		A++
Inner conductor resista	ince:	3,2 Ohm/Km
Outer conductor resistance:		9,2 Ohm/Km
Tension test (spark tes	t):	8 kV
Weight (100m):		16,8 Kg
Maximum peak power:		8500 WATT

* For connectors see the last page of the catalog

SRL

0,3-600 MHz >30 dB 600-1200 MHz >25 dB 1200-2000 MHz >20 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

ATTENUATION at 20°C

(0,488 inches) black PVC Ø12,4 mm

± 0,20

REQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/100ft
1,8 MHz	0,45	0,13
3,5 MHz	0,60	0,18
7,0 MHz	0,89	0,27
10 MHz	1,14	0,34
14 MHz	1,39	0,42
21 MHz	1,75	0,51
28 MHz	1,93	0,59
50 MHz	2,60	0,79
100 MHz	3,70	1,12
144 MHz	4,59	1,40
200 MHz	5,40	1,64
400 MHz	8,00	2,43
430 MHz	8,20	2,50
800 MHz	11,60	3,53
1000 MHz	13,00	3,96
1296 MHz	15,00	4,57
2400 MHz	21,50	6,56
3000 MHz	24,70	7,53
4000 MHz	28,67	8,73
5000 MHz	32,67	9,95
6000 MHz	36,67	11,17

1,0 1011 12	7410 VV
3,5 MHz	7133 W
7,0 MHz	6730 W
10 MHz	6490 W
14 MHz	6230 W
21 MHz	5730 W
28 MHz	5500 W
50 MHz	4710 W
100 MHz	3660 W
144 MHz	2980 W
200 MHz	2470 W
400 MHz	1360 W
430 MHz	1300 W
800 MHz	640 W
1000 MHz	480 W
1200 MHz	380 W
2400 MHz	260 W
3000 MHz	200 W
4000 MHz	150 W

5000 MHz

6000 MHz

POWER HANDLING

MAXP

120 W

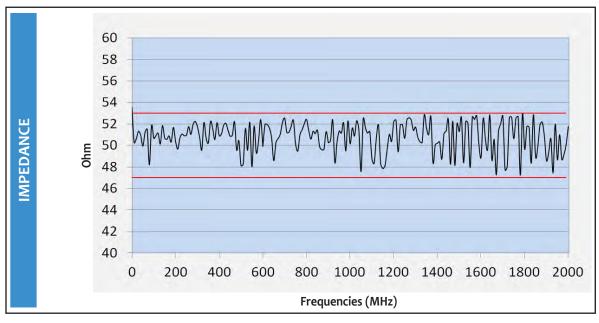
100 W

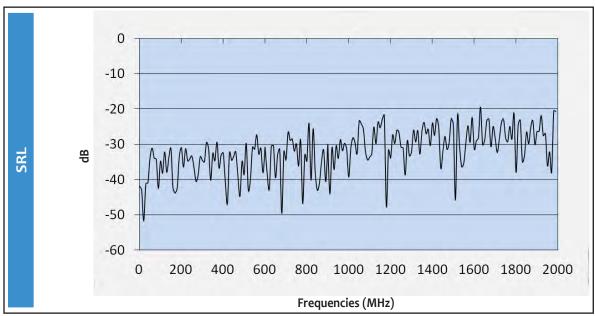
FREQUENCY

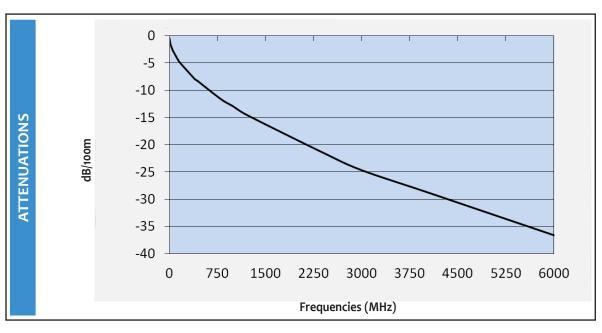
Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket). 6



M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double-Jacket







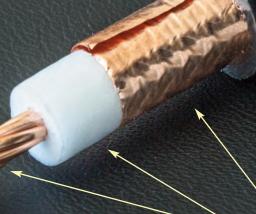


High resistance copper screen (Cu) made by means of 24 spools braiding machines. (50% more intersections if compared to traditional 16 spools machines.) This braid is HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AGAINST LOW FREQUENCY IMPULSIVE NOISES.

SCREENING

PERCENTAGE: 71%

144 wires



Screening foil, highly effective against high frequency interferences. The copper foil has an applied PE-coating, placed in order to prevent foil cracking due to short radius bends. SCREENING PERCENTAGE 100%

CU-POL

Inner conductor made of 7X1,0 stranded, geometric and concentric annealed copper wires. Purity 99,99%. (annealed = thermal softening process) (7x0,039 inches)

Cu 7x1,0 mm - Ø 3 mm (0,118 inches)

ELECTRICAL DATA

83 %

Impedance @200MHz: 50 Ohm ± 3

Minimum bending radius:

Multiple bends(15)/single bend 80/40 mm

Temperature range:

installation -40° to +60° C
operative -55° to +85° C

Capacitance: 78 pF/m ± 2

Velocity ratio: Screening efficiency:

Screening efficiency:

100-2000 MHz >105 dB

Class A++

Inner conductor resistance: 3,2 Ohm/Km

Outer conductor resistance: 9,2 Ohm/Km

Tension test (spark test): 8 kV
Weight (100m): 13 Kg
Maximum peak power: 8300 WATT

* For connectors see the last page of the catalog

High pressure physical injection foamed polyethylene, TRIPLE LAYER DIELECTRIC. FPE Ø 7,3 ± 0,05 mm

m Rad

SRL

0,3-600 MHz >30 dB 600-1200 MHz >25 dB 1200-2000 MHz >20 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

6000 MHz 42,80 13,05

EXTRAFLEXIBLEUV resistant PVC jacket.

(0,405 inches)

FREQUENCY

1,8 MHz

3,5 MHz

7,0 MHz

10 MHz

14 MHz

21 MHz

28 MHz

50 MHz

100 MHz

144 MHz

200 MHz

400 MHz

430 MHz

800 MHz

1000 MHz

1296 MHz

2400 MHz

3000 MHz

4000 MHz

5000 MHz

PVC Ø 10.3 ± 0.15 mm

ATTENUATION at 20°C

dB/100m

0,51

0.66

0.97

1,20

1,59

1,90

2,14

2,76

3,93

4,74

5,72

8,31

8.65

12,17

13.81

15.60

23.75

27,30

32,90

38,18

dB/100ft

0,16

0,20

0,30

0,37

0,48

0,58

0,65

0,84

1,20

1,44

1,74

2,53

2,64

3,71

4.21

4,75

7,24

8,32

10.03

11,64

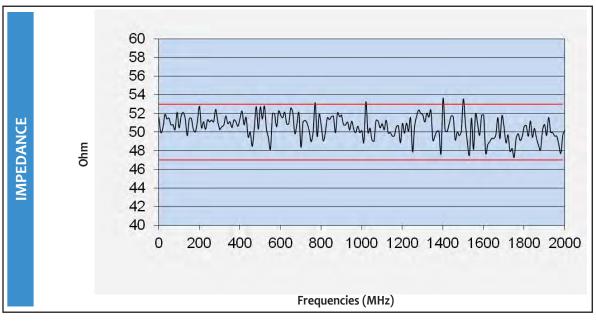
POWER HAN	DLING
FREQUENCY	MAXP
1,8 MHz	7660 W
3,5 MHz	7410 W
7,0 MHz	6920 W
10 MHz	6550 W
14 MHz	6040 W
21 MHz	5600 W
28 MHz	5300 W
50 MHz	4500 W
100 MHz	3390 W
144 MHz	2780 W
200 MHz	2255 W
400 MHz	1290 W
430 MHz	1260 W
800 MHz	600 W
1000 MHz	430 W
1200 MHz	360 W
2400 MHz	200 W
3000 MHz	170 W
4000 MHz	120 W
5000 MHz	105 W
6000 MHz	95 W

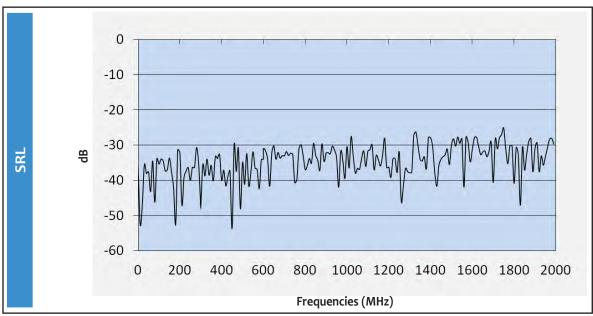
Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).

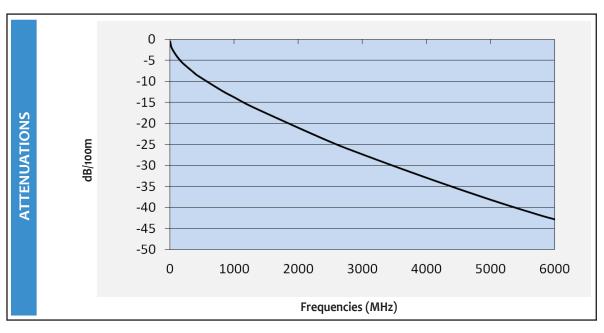


M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10

(MEP-FLEX 10 - NEOFLEX 10 - H2010)









High resistance copper screen (Cu) made by means of 24 spools braiding machines. (50% more intersections if compared to traditional 16 spools machines.) This braid is HIGHLY EFFECTIVE AGAINST IMPULSIVE NOISES.

SCREENING PERCENTAGE: 83%
144 wires

High pressure physical injection foamed polyethylene.

TRIPLE LAYER DIELECTRIC FPE Ø 5 ± 0,05 mm

The copper foil has an applied PE-coating, placed in order to prevent foil cracking due to short radius bends.

CU-POL

SCREENING PERCENTAGE 100%

Inner conductor made of 19X0,38 stranded geometric and concentric copper wires. Purity 99,99% annealed.

(annealed = thermal softening process)

Cu 19x0,38 mm - Ø 1,9 mm (19x0,015 inches) (0,075 inches)

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ELECTR	NUAL	DAIA

Impedance @200MHz: 50 Ohm ± 3 Minimum bending radius: Multiple bends(15)/single bend 68/34 mm installation -40° to + 60° C Temperature: -55° to + 85° C operative 75 pF/m ± 2 Capacitance: 83 % Velocity ratio: Screening efficiency: 100-2000 MHz >105 dB 7,3 Ohm/Km Inner conductor resistance:

Outer conductor resistance: 9,8 Ohm/Km
Tension test (spark test): 4 kV
Weight (100m): 6,9 Kg
Maximum peak power: 4400 WATT

* For connectors see the last page of the catalog

SRL

0,3-600 MHz >28 dB 600-1200 MHz >22 dB 1200-2000 MHz >18 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

ATTENUATION at 20°C

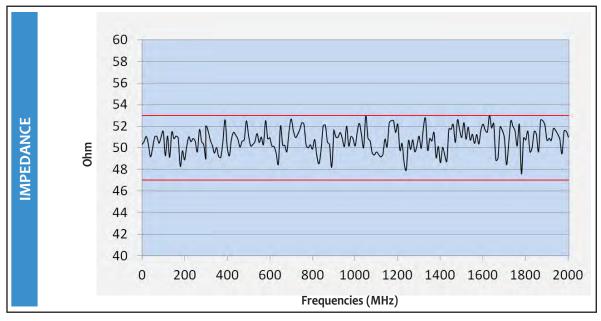
ALLEN	OAHON a	1200
REQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/100
1,8 MHz	0,6	0,19
3,5 MHz	0,9	0,27
7,0 MHz	1,2	0,36
10 MHz	1,6	0,48
14 MHz	2,1	0,64
21 MHz	2,6	0,79
28 MHz	3,0	0,91
50 MHz	4,0	1,21
100 MHz	5,8	1,76
144 MHz	6,9	2,10
200 MHz	8,2	2,49
400 MHz	11,8	3,59
430 MHz	12,3	3,74
800 MHz	17,1	5,21
1000 MHz	19,3	5,88
1296 MHz	22,3	6,79
2400 MHz	32,3	9,84
3000 MHz	36,2	11,03
4000 MHz	42,6	12,98
5000 MHz	49,3	15,02
6000 MHz	55,3	16,85

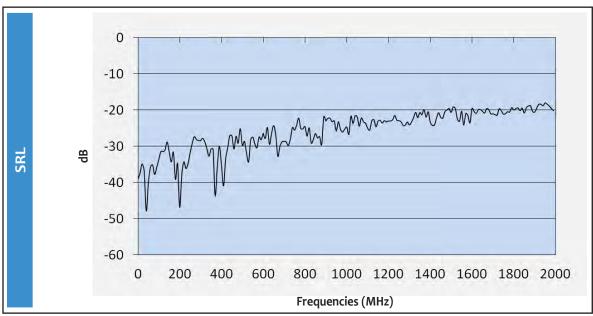
POWER HANDLING

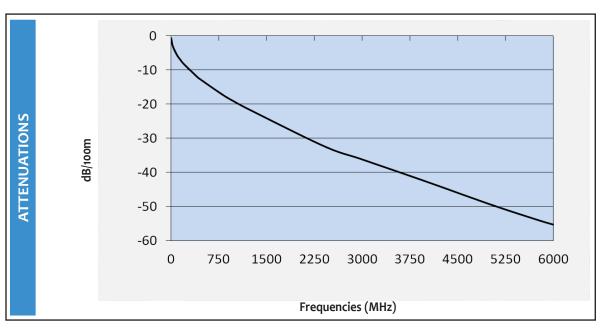
FREQUENCY	MAXP
1,8 MHz	3890 W
3,5 MHz	3700 W
7,0 MHz	3380 W
10 MHz	3080 W
14 MHz	2740 W
21 MHz	2450 W
28 MHz	2230 W
50 MHz	1820 W
100 MHz	1200 W
144 MHz	910 W
200 MHz	680 W
400 MHz	460 W
430 MHz	440 W
800 MHz	320 W
1000 MHz	280 W
1200 MHz	250 W
2400 MHz	140 W
3000 MHz	100 W
4000 MHz	70 W



M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7 (AC 7 Plus - HIGHFLEXX 7)









High resistance screen made of a sturdy Aluminium-Magnesium alloy BRAID (ALMg). The braiding process is operated by means of 24 spools braiding machines. (50% more intersections if compared to traditional 16 spools machines.) This braid is HIGHLY EFFECTIVE **AGAINST LOW FREQUENCY IMPULSIVE** NOISES.

SCREENING PERCENTAGE: 82% 96 wires

Triple layer screening tape, (foil), highly effective against high frequency interferences. **SCREENING**

PERCENTAGE 100%

AL-POL-AL

High pressure physical injection foamed polyethylene TRIPLE LAYER DIELECTRIC FPE Ø 3 ± 0.05 mm

Inner conductor: 99,99% pure electrolitic annealed bare copper. (annealed = thermal softening process)

Cu Ø 1,13 mm (0,044 inches)

Trampling-resitant, UV shielded PE jacket to be used in particular for underground and outdoor installations.

Dedition

PE Ø 5 ± 0.15 mm (0,197 inches)

Waterproof Sturdy

ATTENUATION at 20°C

FREQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/100f
1,8 MHz	1,07	0,33
3,5 MHz	1,46	0,45
7,0 MHz	2,25	0,69
10 MHz	2,92	0,89
14 MHz	3,83	1,17
21 MHz	4,68	1,43
28 MHz	5,37	1,64
50 MHz	6,98	2,13
100 MHz	9,38	2,86
144 MHz	11,0	3,35
200 MHz	12,85	3,92
400 MHz	18,38	5,60
430 MHz	19,01	5,79
800 MHz	26,57	8,10
1000 MHz	29,88	9,11
1296 MHz	34,2	10,42
2400 MHz	47,58	14,50
3000 MHz	53,50	16,31
4000 MHz	61,0	18,59
5000 MHz	68,6	20,90
6000 MHz	75,6	23,04

POWER HANDLING

MAXP

1330 W

1210 W

50 W

FREQUENCY

3.5 MHz

3000 MHz

impedance @200iviHz :	50 Onm ± 3
Minimum bending radius:	
Multiple bends/single bend	50/25 mm
Temperature:	-45° to + 70° C
Capacitance:	76 pF/m ± 2
Velocity ratio:	85 %
Screening efficiency:	
100-2000 MHz	>105 dB
Class	A++
Inner conductor resistance:	17 Ohm/Km
Outer conductor resistance:	34 Ohm/Km
Tension test (spark test):	8 kV
Weight (100m):	2,35 Kg

Maximum peak power:

50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).

ELECTRICAL DATA

* For connectors see the last page of the catalog Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency);

1650 WATT

SRL

0.3-600 MHz >30 dB 600-1200 MHz >28 dB 1200-2000 MHz

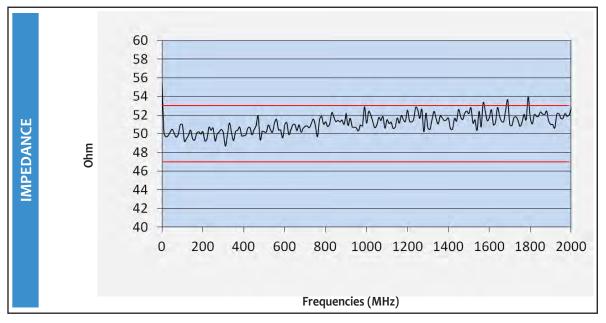
HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

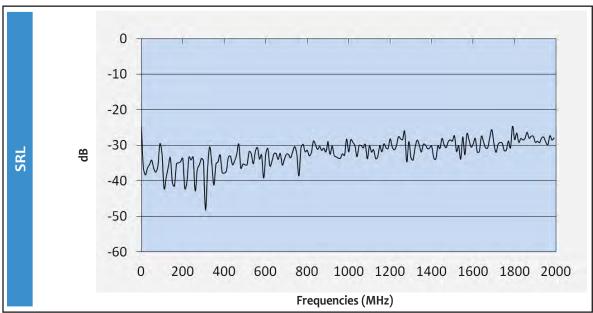
Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner (in fact, during DXpeditions, the cable can be used in tropical countries with more than 40-50°C. in the shade). Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

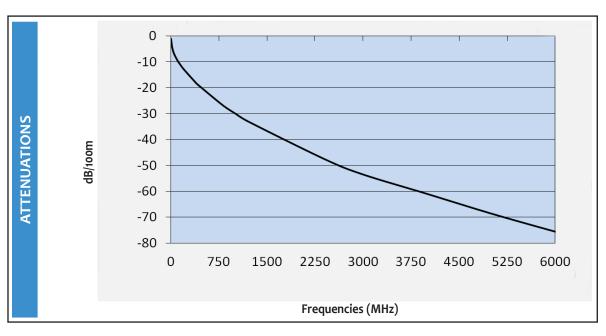
7,0 MHz 1080 W 10 MHz 1005 W 14 MHz 925 W 21 MHz 828 W 28 MHz 735 W 50 MHz 540 W 100 MHz 340 W 144 MHz 262 W 200 MHz 212 W 400 MHz 164 W 430 MHz 160 W 800 MHz 130 W 1000 MHz 110 W 1200 MHz 105 W CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 2400 MHz 67 W



M&P-AIRBORNE 5 (AC 5 Plus AIRBORNE)









Inner conductor made of 7X0,75 stranded geometric and concentric silver plated copper wires.

Purity 99,99% annealed.

(annealed = thermal softening process)

(7x0,029 inches)

CuAg 7X0,75 mm Ø 2,25 mm (0,088 inches) Velocity ratio: 66 %

3,5 MHz

7,0 MHz

10 MHz

14 MHz

21 MHz

28 MHz

50 MHz

100 MHz

144 MHz 200 MHz

400 MHz

430 MHz

800 MHz

1000 MHz

1296 MHz

6070 W

5530 W

5280 W

4900 W

4290 W

3620 W

2900 W

1650 W

1350 W

1100 W

410 W

330 W

220 W

180 W

150 W

Screening efficiency:

Maximum peak power:

100-900 MHz >80 dB Inner conductor resistance: 5,5 Ohm/Km Outer conductor resistance: 4 Ohm/Km Tension test (spark test): 8 kV Weight (100m): 20 Kg

* For connectors see the last page of the catalog

8400 W

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).



High resistance screen made of a tinned copper **BRAID** (**CuSn**). The braiding process is operated by means of **16 spools** braiding machines. Highly effective against low frequency impulsive noises.

SCREENING

PERCENTAGE: 92% 112 wires

Solid polyethylene dielectric **PE Ø 2,95** ± 0,05 **mm**

Inner conductor made of 19x0,18 stranded geometric and concentric tinned copper (CuSn).

CuSn 19x0,18 mm (19x0,007 inches)

Ø 0,90 mm (0,035 inches)

ELECTRICAL DATA

ELECIF	KICAL DA	IA
Impedance @200MHz		50 Ohm ± 3
Minimum bending radiu	s:	
Multiple bends/single be	end:	50/25 mm
Temperature:	installation	-40° to +60° C
	operative	-55° to +85° C
Capacitance:		101 pF/m ± 2
Velocity ratio:	66 %	
Screening efficiency:		
100-900 MHz		>55 dB
Inner conducotr resistar	nce:	37 Ohm/Km
Outer conductor resista	nce:	15 Ohm/Km
Tension test (spark test):		4 kV
Weight (100m):		3,7 Kg
Maximum neak nower:		1400 WATT

For connectors see the last page of the catalog

SRL

0,3-600 MHz	>35 dB
600-1200 MHz	>30 dB
1200-2000 MHz	>30 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

ATTENUATION at 20°C

REQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/100f
1,8 MHz	2,1	0,64
3,5 MHz	2,9	0,88
7,0 MHz	3,9	1,19
10 MHz	4,7	1,43
14 MHz	5,6	1,71
21 MHz	6,7	2,04
28 MHz	7,9	2,41
50 MHz	10,8	3,29
100 MHz	15,8	4,81
144 MHz	19,3	5,88
200 MHz	22,1	6,73
400 MHz	33,3	10,14
430 MHz	34,9	10,64
800 MHz	51,1	15,57
1000 MHz	58.0	17,67
1296 MHz	63,0	19,20

POWER HANDLING

POWER HANDL	LING
FREQUENCY	MAXP
1,8 MHz	1000 W
3,5 MHz	690 W
7,0 MHz	570 W
10 MHz	480 W
14 MHz	390 W
21 MHz	300 W
28 MHz	240 W
50 MHz	160 W
100 MHz	120 W
144 MHz	110 W
200 MHz	100 W
400 MHz	92 W
430 MHz	90 W

Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).



High resistance screen made of tinned copper BRAID (CuSn). The braiding process is operated by means of 16 spools braiding machines. Highly effective against low frequency impulsive noises.

SCREENING

PERCENTAGE: 86% 64 wires

Solid polyethylene dielectric.

PE Ø 1,5 ± 0,05 mm

Inner conductor made of 7x0,16 stranded geometric and concentric copper plated steel (CCS).

 \emptyset 0,48 mm (0,018 inches)

mound and controlling copper plated close (
CCS 7x0,16 mm (7x34 awg)

ELECT	RICAL DA	ATA AT
Impedance @200MHz		50 Ohm ± 3
Minimum bending radio	us:	
Multiple bends/single b	end	28/14 mm
Temperature:	installation	-40° to +60° C
	operative	-55° to +85° C
Capacitance:		101 pF/m ± 2
Velocity ratio:		66 %
Screening efficiency:		
100-900 MHz		>50 dB
Inner conductor resista	ance:	521 Ohm/Km
Outer conductor resista	ance:	37,5 Ohm/Km
Tension test (spark test):		2 kV
Weight (100m):		1,1 Kg
Maximum peak power:		420 WATT
* For connectors see the	ne last page	of the catalog

OIL	
0,3-600 MHz	>35 dB
600-1200 MHz	>30 dB
1200-2000 MHz	>30 dB

HINTS ABOUT POWER HANDLING:

Power handling and peak power values have been calculated in a "cautious" manner. Physical accidental alterations and excessive VSWR values (impedance mismatch), are certainly increasing the lost power dissipated in the form of heat. Moreover unwanted stationary waves ratios, are making the situation even worse. In SSB operations a 5/6 seconds transmission time, followed by the same reception lag, is giving the chance to push the power handling values up. Be aware that the power should never be exceeding the declared peak power value.

ATTENUATION at 20°C

FREQUENCY	dB/100m	dB/100f
1,8 MHz	7,3	2,23
3,5 MHz	7,8	2,38
7,0 MHz	9,2	2,81
10 MHz	9,8	2,99
14 MHz	10,6	3,23
21 MHz	12,2	3,72
28 MHz	14,1	4,30
50 MHz	18,5	5,64
100 MHz	26,0	7,92
144 MHz	32,0	9,76
200 MHz	39,1	11,91
400 MHz	54,9	16,73
430 MHz	57,0	17,38
800 MHz	80,0	24,38
1000 MHz	91,6	27,93
1296 MHz	107,0	32,61

POWER HANDLING

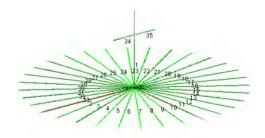
FREQUENCY	MAXP
1,8 MHz	320 W
3,5 MHz	154 W
7,0 MHz	90 W
10 MHz	58 W
14 MHz	38 W
21 MHz	30 W
28 MHz	25 W
50 MHz	22 W
100 MHz	21 W
144 MHz	19 W
200 MHz	17 W
400 MHz	16 W
430 MHz	16 W

Our products are manufactured in compliance with: CEI 46-1 (construction parameters); EN 50117(screening efficiency); CEI EN 50289(SA test methods); IEC 60332-1-2(cables with LSZH jacket); EN 50290-2-22(cables with PVC jacket); EN 50290-2-23(cables with PE jacket).



DATASHEET						
Number of conductors:	6 (+ one PVC cilinder for centering the cable)					
Section of each conductor:	0,75 mmq ²					
Conductor colors:	White					
	Brown					
	Green					
	Grey					
	Yellow					
Pink						
Shielding:	Alluminium tape matched with a polyesther film					
	(+ flexible earth conductor)					
External insulation:	Dark grey PVC Jacket - FLAME RETARDANT - Ø 7,6mm					
Packaging:	Coils 100m					
	Coils 50m					

Cable for radial grounding - GR 163



-	
Inner conductor	pure copper 99,99 %
diameter	1,63 mm - (2,1 mm²)
Conductor resistance (Ohm/Km)	7,8
Jacket	black PE
diameter	2,9 mm

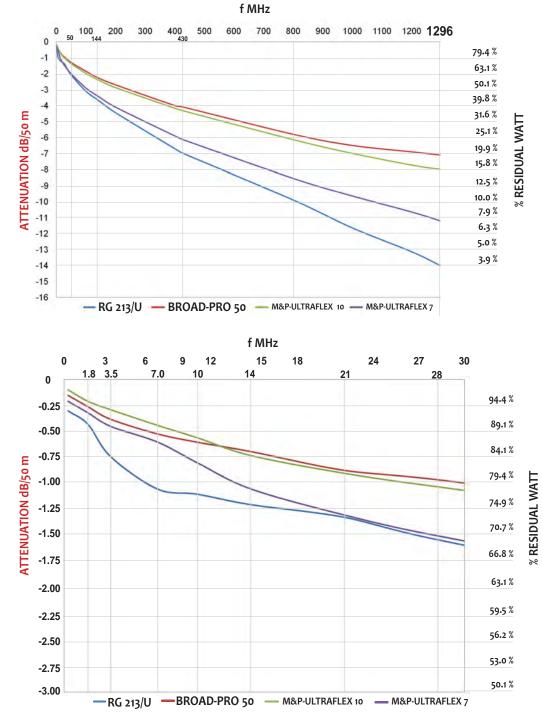
Doesn't fear neither water nor corrosion and if well sealed on both ends, can be buried underground and it is virtually eternal. (Remember to seal the ends)



COMPARISON CHART ATTENUATION-POWER RATIO

The graphs below give a clear view of the behavior of our top models on a 50 m stretch, compared to the old fashioned RG 213/U. Note that the M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7 despite being just 7.3 mm (compared with 10.3 mm of RG213/U), outclasses this old item in every parameter. Graphs can be used to calculate the power loss in any way and for any Messi & Paoloni cable. Let's take an example: Model M&P-AIRBORNE 5 Attenuation at 430 MHz 19 dB/100m. If the cable stretch is 25m long, calculate 19 dB divided by 4 = 4.75 dB.

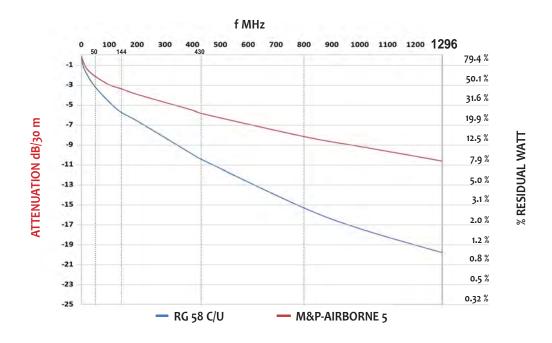
Let us watch on the left side of the table (dB/50m) and positioning with a ruler at the 4.75 dB position, we can observe the other end in the right column (PERCENT RESIDUAL WATT) the percentage residual output of the cable.

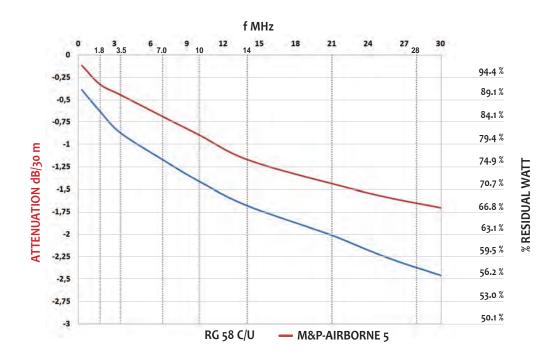




COMPARISON CHART ATTENUATION-POWER RATIO

Example of the power loss in a 30m stretch between model M&P-AIRBORNE 5 and the traditional RG 58 C/U.





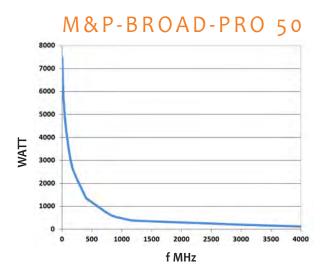
Messi & Paoloni

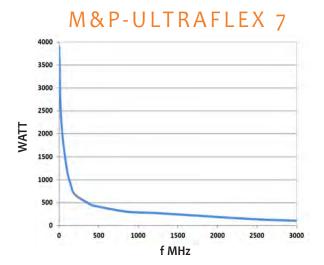
coaxial cables www.messi.it

POWER HANDLING

In order to calculate the POWER HANDLING, we need to start by the maximum peak power. Once calculated, you can proceed to the subsequent processing in various frequencies. The data that we have declared, expressed in WATTS, should be considered for continuous transmissions (key down) and by convention at a temperature of 20° C. (68° F)

Since these are cautious values, they also take into account some environmental and remarkable temperatures (40° C) (104° F). Moreover we have also taken in consideration some potential alterations, due to shortage in connectors, damage or connectors disconnection. Even water infiltration into the connectors can cause serious damage to the impedance and to the VSWR. Therefore, under optimal conditions and with the transmission in SSB, the values can also be easily increased, provided that the power values will be never equal or bigger than indicated peak power values.





Source: M&P Lab. Roberto Moroni

ATTENUATION/SRL RATIO

When designing a transmission line, it is necessary to carefully choose the cable to be used, based on the frequency and the distance between the transmitter and the antenna. We assume that the impedance matching between the various components has been treated with the utmost diligence.

Everyone knows how important is to buy a REALLY low-loss cable, but not everyone reminds that $-3dB = \frac{1}{2}$ the power available. It is also important to verify that the difference between the value of SRL and attenuation should be as wide as possible. In fact, as seen in the picture, it is inevitable that the two curves will cross each other. With increasing frequency, the attenuation curve (A) is approaching more and more to that the reflected waves (B). Comes the point where the attenuation value in dB and that of SRL meet each other. Starting from this frequency and beyond, the output signal will be ZERO, regardless of the input power value.

The example concerns a test on the cable M&P-BROAD-PRO 50, (a 30 meters long coil). In these conditions the signal is **reduced** to zero at the frequency of 10 GHz (in transmission only). It is clearly inadvisable to use such a cable length at this frequency, but the chart clearly indicates that at all frequencies lower than 10 GHz, the transmission line works in an excellent manner. Increasing the cable length, inevitably increases the attenuation so that the intersection with the SRL curve, will happen before (at a lower frequency). Differently, shortening the cable length will assure a correct use at higher frequencies.



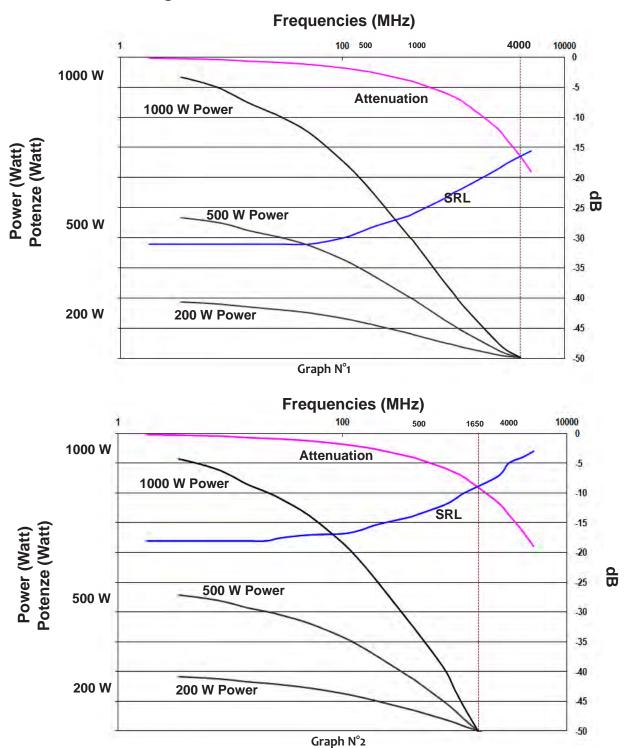
A: Attenuation

B: SRL



In the following charts we can see how the SRL affects the power. Graph N°1 is showing a 50m long, perfectly tuned transmission line. The cable used is again M&P-BROAD-PRO 50. The red curve is the attenuation, the blue curve is the SRL. The three black curves, are 3 different input powers: 200, 500 and 1000 Watts. As previously said, regardless of the input power, when the SRL is equivalent to attenuation, there is no more output signal.

In graph $N^{\circ}2$ please note that as soon as the SRL value increases, (for example due to an impedance mismatch), the output power quickly collapses. Although an optimal SRL (low) is typically between -40 and -30 dB, we can say that until -18 dB there are no considerable losses. Increasing the SRL to higher values, the closer the SRL values are to 0, the more the effects evolve from troublesome to destructive. In the presence of strong SRL, (dB values close to zero), along the cable will occur overvoltage and overcurrent.





Given a power fed to the X value (any value expressed in Watts), the actual power output of the cable is shown in the table in the form of remaining percentage. (for example, if we use a cable such as M&P-BROAD-PRO 50, entering 1000 Watts over a length of 35m, at a frequency of 144 MHz, there remains 69% of 1000). For maximum applicable power, see the Power Handling of the cable concerned. From these values, have already been deducted the SRL values, typical of each one of our models, for the respective frequencies.

REMEMBER: Make sure to match the line accurately!

	M&I	P-BF	ROA	D-P	RO	50 /	M&	P-B	ROA	AD-P	PRO	50 D	ouble J	acket	
	length in meters														
		5	10	15	20	25	35	50	75	100	130	160	200	300	
	3,5	99.3	98.6	97.9	97.2	96.6	95.2	93.3	90.1	87.1	83.5	80.1	75.8	66	
	7	98.9	97.9	96.9	95.9	95	93	90.2	85.7	81.4	76.6	72	66.3	54	<u>_</u>
	14	98.4	96.8	95.3	93.7	92.4	89.4	85.3	78.6	72.6	65.9	59.9	52.7	38.3	Useful signal
	28	97.8	95.6	93.5	91.4	89.4	85.5	80	71.7	64	56.1	49.1	41	26.3	l s
(Z	50	97.1	94.2	91.4	88.7	86	81	74.1	63.7	54.9	45.9	38.3	30.1	16.5	ign
(MHz)	144	94.9	90	85.2	80.8	76.6	69	58.9	45.1	34.7	25.2	18.3	11.9	4.1	
	430	90.7	82.5	75.2	68.4	62.1	51.5	38.7	24.1	15	8.3	4.6			but
Frequencies	1200	84	71	60	50.7	42.7	30.5	18.1	7.6	3					pu
) L	2400	76.6	59.4	46	35.6	27.4	16.1	6.9							t (r
lne	3000	73.7	55	41	30.5	22.5	12.1	4.3							esic
e,	4000	70.4	50.2	35.7	25.2	17.7	8.4								dua
正	5000	66.7	45.2	30.4	20.3	13.1	5.2								þ
	6000	63.1	40.5	25.7	16	9.5									W
	8000	55.2	31	16.7	8.3										output (residual power %)
	10.000	48	23	9.7											ొ
	12.000	33.4	8.4												

		N	1&P	-UL	ΓRA	FLE	X 10	(MEP-	FLEX 10	- H 2010	o - NEOI	FLEX 10)		
	length in meters														
		5	10	15	20	25	35	50	75	100	130	160	200	300	
	3,5	99.3	98.6	97.8	97.2	96.5	95.1	93.1	89.8	86.7	83	79.5	75.1	65.1	
	7	99	98	96.9	96	95	93	90.3	85.8	81.5	76.6	72	66.3	54	_
	14	98.3	96.7	95.1	93.6	92	89	84.7	78	71.7	65	58.8	51.5	37	sef
	28	97.8	95.6	93.5	91.5	89.5	85.6	80	71.6	64.1	56.1	49.1	41.1	26.3	<u>n</u>
(z	50	97	94.3	91.6	89	86.4	81.5	74.7	64.6	55.8	46.9	39.3	31.2	17.4	Useful signal output (residual power %)
(MHz)	144	94.9	90.1	85.6	81.3	77.2	69.6	59.6	46	35.5	26	19.1	12.6	4.4	nal
	430	90.9	82.8	75.4	68.6	62.5	51.8	39	24.4	12.5	8.6	4.9			ut
ies	1200	83.8	70.6	59.6	50.2	42.8	30	17.7	7.2						pu
Frequencies	2400	74	55.6	41.6	31.1	23.1	12.5	4.5							<u>-</u>
ne	3000	70.4	50.4	35.9	25.5	17.9	8.6								esi
e.	4000	65.1	43	28.2	18.2	11.6	4.1								dua
正	5000	59.9	36.5	21.8	12.7	7									þ
	6000	55.4	31.1	16.9	8.6										W
	8000	46.3	21.3	8.9											er %
	10.000	37.2	12.7												ొ
	12.000	21.1													

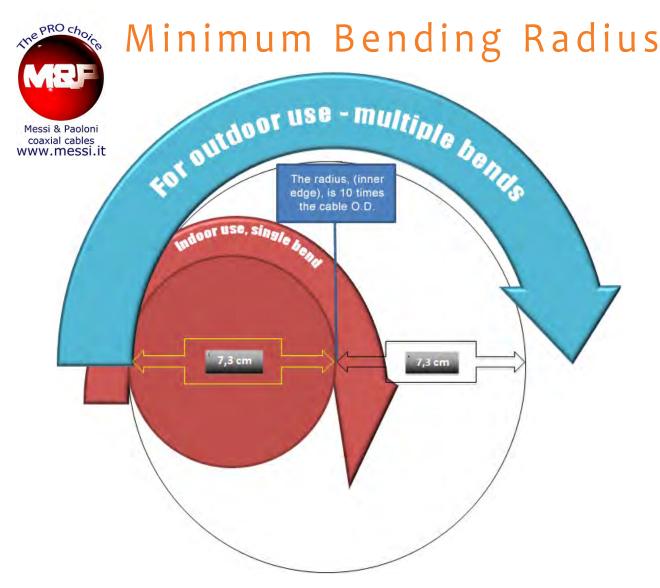


Given a power fed to the X value (any value expressed in Watts), the actual power output of the cable is shown in the table in the form of remaining percentage. (for example, if we use a cable such as M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7, entering 1000 Watts over a length of 35m, at a frequency of 144 MHz, there remains 57,3% of 1000). For maximum applicable power, see the Power Handling of the cable concerned. From these values, have already been deducted the SRL values, typical of each one of our models, for the respective frequencies.

REMEMBER: Make sure to match the line accurately!

	M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7 (AC 7 Plus - HIGHFLEXX 7)														
	length in meters														
		5	10	15	20	25	35	50	75	100	130	160	200	300	
	3,5	98.8	97.9	96.9	95.9	94.9	93	90.1	85.6	81.3	76.4	71.7	66	53.7	
	7	98.5	97.2	95.9	94.6	93.3	90.8	87.1	81.5	75.8	69.8	64.2	57.5	43.6	
	14	97.6	95.2	93	90.8	86.6	84.4	78.5	69.6	61.6	53.3	46.1	38	23.4	
(MHz)	28	96.5	93.3	90.1	87.1	84.1	78.5	70.7	59.5	50	40.6	33	25	12.5	
Ξ	50	95.4	91.1	87.1	83.1	79.3	72.9	63	50	39.7	30.1	22.8	15.7	6.2	
ss (144	92.3	85.2	78.7	72.7	67.2	57.3	45.1	30.8	20.3	12.6	7.8	4.1		
<u>Č</u>	430	86.6	75	65.2	56.6	49	37	24.1	11.7	5.7					
en	1200	77.6	60.6	47.3	36.9	28.9	17.3	8							
b	2400	67.4	45.9	31.2	21	14	5.8								
Frequencies	3000	63.4	40.9	26.1	16.4	9.9									
	4000	58.1	34.3	19.8	10.9	5.4									
	5000	52.7	28.2	14.2	6.3										
	6000	48.9	24	10.8	3.9										

	M&P-AIRBORNE 5 (AC 5 Plus AIRBORNE)														
	length in meters														
		5	10	15	20	25	35	50	75	100	130	160	200	300	
	3,5	98.2	96.6	95	93.4	91.8	88.8	84.4	77.6	71.3	64.5	58.3	51	36.4	
	7	97.3	94.9	92.4	90.1	87.8	83.3	77.1	67.7	59.5	50.9	43.6	35.4	21	Useful
	14	95.6	91.5	87.5	83.7	80.1	73.3	64.2	51.5	41.3	31.7	24.3	17	7	Ĕ
(MHz)	28	93.9	88.3	83	78	73.4	64.8	53.9	39.5	28.9	19.9	13.7	8.3		signal
Σ	50	92.2	85.1	78.5	72.4	66.8	56.9	44.6	30.1	19.9	12.3	7.7	3.9		ıal c
ss (144	88	77.5	68.3	60.2	53	41.1	28.1	14.9	7.8	3.6				utp
Ċ	430	80.2	64.4	51.7	41.5	33.2	21.5	11.1	3.6						ıt (
en	1200	67.8	46.2	31.4	21.3	14.4	6.4								resi
В	2400	56.2	31.9	17.7	9.6	5									dua
Frequencies	3000	52	27.2	13.8	6.5										l pc
	4000	46.4	21.4	9											output (residual power %)
	5000	39.1	14.3	3											r %)
	6000	26													



With reference to norms: IEC 60092 and CEI 11/17 we can affirm as follows:

To determine how tightly a given cable can be bent without damage, the radius of the curve of the inner edge of any bend, shall not be less than 10 times the cable Overall Diametre (O.D.). Since the radius is one half the diameter, you can then multiply your result by 2 to get the actual diameter of the object that the cable can be safely bent around repeatedly, (for example a bobbin). In DXpeditions, there is a basic need to unwind the cable and later on to rewind it in the same bobbin. (multiple bends). For this operation, needed twice per DXpedition, please consider 20 times the cable O.D. (this will preserve your cable for a much longer number of DXpeditions) Solid inner conductor cables, need more attention, even though we have succeeded to make them a little more flexible (M&P-BROAD-PRO 50). The smaller the bend radius, the greater is the material flexibility. Cables such as M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7 or M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10, having a stranded inner conductor, a strong and flexible 24 spools braid, and an excellent quality PVC jacket, ALLOW MORE, but never infringe the values in the cables datasheets. (always to be taken with good sense... careful)!

The diagram above illustrates a cable with a 7,3 centimeter bend radius (M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7). When meaning Outdoor use, we intend that the variety of harsh temperatures we could have outside, might change temporarily the physics of the cable components, requiring therefore more cautiousness. (20 times O.D.)

In case we need to effect a sharper bend, (ex. Like in a choke), we can do only if:

- 1) We shall effect Just a single bend (possibly always indoor)
- 2) The operation is made at temperatures never below 15° C. (59° F)
- 3) The cable is coiled over a Cylinder with an O.D. equal or bigger than ten times the cable O.D.



HALOGEN FREE AND SELF-SUPPORTING CABLES

All the cables in our production range, can be built with an outer halogen free jacket upon request.

To the cable name, will shall add the suffix "LSZH" (LOW SMOKE ZERO HALOGEN).

This jacket is perfectly compliant with the norms:

CEI EN 60332-1-1 CEI EN 60332-1-2 CEI 20-35/1-1 CEI 20-35/1-2

Model M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 and M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10 can be supplied, on demand, implemented by means of a 7x0,80mm FeZn stranded "MESSENGER", co-extruded together with a polyethylene sheath (side by side).



These cables can be used to posing suspended sections where the underground laying is impeded by the presence of rocks or other obstacles. Thanks to this stranded messenger, these cables are not subject to stress or mechanical alterations normally occuring on overhead cable lines (elongation due to heat fluctuations, wind swinging and the cable weight itself are leading to strain and alterations of the mechanical/electrical properties of the cable).



COMPARISON CHART ATTENUATION/POWER RATIO

TABELLE COMPARAZIONE RAPPORTO ATTENUAZIONE/POTENZA

Residual Watts related to frequency and calculated on 1000 Watt input power. Watt residui in rapporto alla frequenza e calcolati su una potenza in ingresso di 1000 Watt.

RG 213/U							
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/50 m	Residual WATT/50m					
0,3	0,3	933					
1,8	0,4	912					
3,5	0,74	843					
7	1,05	785					
10	1,1	776					
14	1,2	758					
21	1,3	741					
28	1,53	703					
50	2,0	630					
100	3,1	489					
144	3,7	426					
200	4,45	358					
400	6,6	218					
430	7,01	199					
800	9,9	102					
1000	11,6	69					
1200	13,15	48					
1296	14,0	39					

M&P-BROAD-PRO 50								
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/50 m	Residual WATT/50m						
0,3	0,09	979						
1,8	0,3	933						
3,5	0,4	912						
7	0,52	887						
10	0,6	870						
14	0,69	853						
21	0,87	818						
28	0,96	801						
50	1,3	741						
100	1,85	653						
144	2,29	590						
200	2,7	537						
400	4,0	398						
430	4,1	389						
800	5,8	263						
1000	6,5	223						
1200	6,9	204						
1296	7,1	194						
2400	10,7	84						

M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10								
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/50 m	Residual WATT/50m						
0,3	0,06	984						
1,8	0,21	952						
3,5	0,29	935						
7	0,44	903						
10	0,56	879						
14	0,73	845						
21	0,9	812						
28	1,03	788						
50	1,38	727						
100	1,99	632						
144	2,42	572						
200	2,88	515						
400	4,17	382						
430	4,34	368						
800	6,14	243						
1000	7,0	199						
1200	7,73	168						
1296	8,0	158						
2400	12,4	57,5						

M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7								
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/50 m	Residual WATT/50m						
0,3	0,15	966						
1,8	0,3	933						
3,5	0,45	901						
7	0,6	870						
10	0,8	831						
14	1,05	785						
21	1,3	741						
28	1,5	707						
50	2,0	630						
100	2,9	512						
144	3,45	451						
200	4,1	389						
400	5,9	257						
430	6,15	242						
800	8,55	139						
1000	9,65	108						
1200	10,65	86						
1296	11,2	75						

M&P-AIRBORNE 5							
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/30 m	Residual WATT/30m					
0,3	0,12	972					
1,8	0,33	926					
3,5	0,44	902					
7	0,69	853					
10	0,89	813					
14	1,17	763					
21	1,43	718					
28	1,65	683					
50	2,15	608					
100	3,0	501					
144	3,40	456					
200	3,96	401					
400	5,55	278					
430	5,86	259					
800	8,19	151					
1000	9,18	120					
1200	10,16	96					
1296	10,65	86					

RG 58 C/U								
FREQ. MHz	Attenuations Attenuazioni dB/30 m	Residual WATT/30m						
0,3	0,39	914						
1,8	0,63	864						
3,5	0,87	818						
7	1,17	763						
10	1,41	722						
14	1,68	679						
21	2,01	629						
28	2,37	579						
50	3,24	474						
100	4,74	335						
144	5,79	263						
200	6,63	217						
400	9,99	100						
430	10,47	89						
800	15,33	29						
1000	17,4	18						
1200	19,05	12						
1296	19,8	10						

Fonte / Source: M&P Lab. Roberto Moroni



CONVERSION CHART VSWR/REFLECTED POWER

TABELLE CONVERSIONE ROS/POTENZA RIFLESSA

VOLTAGE STANDING WAVE RATIO (VSWR) RAPPORTO ONDE STAZIONARIE (ROS)	VSWR (dB)	SRL STRUCTURAL RETURN LOSS (dB) PERDITE CUMULATIVE DI RIFLESSIONE	REFLECTED POWER (%) POTENZA RIFLESSA	TRANSMISSION LOSS (dB) PERDITA DI TRASMISSIONE	TRANSMITTED POWER (%) POTENZA TRASMESSA	MODELS M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10 M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7 M&P-AIRBORNE 5
1	0	∞	0	0	100	from 300 KHz to 450 MHz
1,1	0,83	26,44	0,227	0,01	99,773	TIOTH 300 KHZ to 430 WHZ
1,2	1,58	20,83	0,826	0,036	99,174	from 450MHz to 1 GHz
1,3	2,28	17,69	1,7	0,075	98,3	from 1 GHz to 2 Ghz
1,4	2,92	15,56	2,78	0,122	97,22	
1,5	3,52	13,98	4	0,177	96	
1,6	4,08	12,74	5,33	0,238	94,67	
1,7	4,61	11,73	6,72	0,302	93,28	
1,8	5,11	10,88	8,16	0,37	91,84	
1,9	5,58	10,16	9,6	0,44	90,4	
2	6,02	9,54	11,1	0,512	88,9	
2,1	6,44	9	12,6	0,584	87,4	
2,2	6,85	8,52	14,1	0,658	85,9	
2,3	7,23	8,09	15,5	0,732	84,5	
2,4	7,6	7,71	17	0,807	83	
2,5	7,96	7,36	18,4	0,881	81,6	
2,6	8,3	7,04	19,8	0,956	80,2	
2,7	8,63	6,76	21,1	1,03	78,9	
2,8	8,94	6,49	22,4	1,1	77,6	
2,9	9,25	6,25	23,7	1,18	76,3	
3	9,54	6,02	25	1,25	75	
3,2	10,1	5,62	27,4	1,39	72,6	
3,4	10,6	5,26	29,8	1,53	70,2	
3,6	11,1	4,96	31,9	1,67	68,1	
3,8	11,6	4,68	34	1,81	66	
4	12	4,44	36	1,94	64	
5	14	3,52	44,4	2,55	55,6	
6	15,6	2,92	51	3,1	49	
7	16,9	2,5	56,3	3,59	43,8	
8	18,1	2,18	60,5	4,03	39,5	
9	19,1	1,94	64	4,44	36	
10	20	1,74	66,9	4,81	33,1	

Fonte / Source: Dario Grossi (IZ4UEZ) ARI Ferrara, implementation M&P Lab.



The Q CODE FOR HAM RADIO OPERATORS

Source: Dario Grossi (IZ4UEZ) ARI Ferrara

www.messi.i	Jource. I	: Dario Grossi (1240E2) ARI Ferrara			
SIGNAL Q	QUESTION ?	ANSWER, NOTICE OR ORDER			
QRA	What is the name of your station?	My name is			
QRB	How far approximately are you from my station?	The distance between our stations is aboutyour nautical miles (or kilometers).			
QRG	What is my exact frequency?	Your exact frequency is kHz (Or MHz).			
QRK	What is the intelligibility of my signals	The intelligibility of your signals is (scale of 1 to 5).			
QRL	Are you busy?	I'm busy Please do not interfere.			
QRM	Are you bothered by noise?	I am disturbed by interference.			
QRN	Are you bothered by noise of natural origin (storms, lightning)?	I am disturbed by natural origin noise			
QRO	Shall I increase transmitter power?	Increase (or increase) the transmission power.			
QRP	Shall I decrease transmitter power?	Decrease the transmission power.			
QRQ	Shall I send faster?	Increase the transmission speed [Words per minute].			
QRS	Shall I send more slowly?	Send more slowly [Words per minute].			
QRT	Shall I stop transmissions?	Close (or I close) transmissions.			
QRV	Are you ready?	l'm ready.			
QRX	When you call me again?	I'll get back at on kHz (or MHz).			
QRZ	Who is calling me?	You are called by on kHz (or MHz).			
QSA	What is the strength of my signals	The strength of your signals is (Scale from 1 to 5).			
QSB	Does my signal strength fade?	The strength of your signals varies.			
QSK	Can you hear me? If so, can I interrupt you?	I hear you, speak up.			
QSL	Can you receive?	Confirmed, received.			
QSO	Can you communicate with directly or through support?	I can communicate with directly NOTE: It is also synonymous of direct communication or direct connection.			
QSP	Will you transmit to?	I'll transmit back to			
QSY	Should I change my transmission to another frequency?	Change transmission to another frequency.			
QТН	What is your position	My position is: QTH generally describes the place from which you are transmitting.			
QTR	What time is it ?	It's			



CONVERTION TABLE DECIBEL-VOLT-WATT (50 Ohm)

dBm	V	Ро
+ 53	100.0	200 W
+ 50	70.7	100 W
+ 49	64.0	80 W
+ 48	58.0	64 W
+ 47	50.0	50 W
+ 46	44.5	40 W
+ 45	40.0	32 W
+ 44	32.5	25 W
+ 43	32.0	20 W
+ 42	28.0	16 W
+ 41	26.2	12.5 W
+ 40	22.5	10 W
+ 39	20.0	8 W
+ 38	18.0	6.4 W
+ 37	16.0	5 W
+ 36	14.1	4 W
+ 35	12.5	3.2 W
+ 34	11.5	2.5 W
+ 33	10.0	2 W
+ 32	9.0	1.6 W
+ 31	8.0	1.25 W

dBm	V	Ро					
+ 30	7.10	1.0 W					
+ 29	6.40	800 mW					
+ 28	5.80	640 mW					
+ 27	5.00	500 mW					
+ 26	4.45	400 mW					
+ 25	4.00	320 mW					
+ 24	3.55	250 mW					
+ 23	3.20	200 mW					
+ 22	2.80	160 mW					
+ 21	2.52	125 mW					
+ 20	2.25	100 mW					
+ 19	2.00	80 mW					
+ 18	1.80	64 mW					
+ 17	1.60	50 mW					
+ 16	1.41	40 mW					
+ 15	1.25	32 mW					
+ 14	1.15	25 mW					
+ 13	1.00	20 mW					
+ 12	0.90	16 mW					
+ 11	0.80	12.5 mW					
+ 10	0.71	10 mW					

dBm	V	Ро		
+ 9	0.64	8 mW		
+ 8	0.58	6.4 mW		
+ 7	0.500	5 mW		
+ 6	0.445	4 mW		
+ 5	0.400	3.2 mW		
+ 4	0.355	2.5 mW		
+ 3	0.320	2.0 mW		
+ 2	0.280	1.6 mW		
+ 1	0.252	1.25 mW		
0	0.225	1.0 mW		
- 1	0.200	0.80 mW		
- 2	0.180	0.64 mW		
- 3	0.160	0.50 mW		
- 4	0.141	0.40 mW		
- 5	0.125	0.32 mW		
- 6	0.115	0.25 mW		
- 7	0.100	0.20 mW		
- 8	0.090	0.16 mW		
- 9	0.080	0.125 mW		
- 10	0.071	0.10 mW		

Abbreviations used in the HAM RADIO service

AR: End of message

BK: "Break" Signal used to interrupt a transmission in progress

CQ: Calling all stations

CW: "Continuous Wawe" continuous wave telegraphy

DE: Used to take apart the ID. from the station

K: Invitation to transmit

MSG: Message PSE: "Please"

RTD: intelligibility, signal strength, tone

R: Received RX: Receiver SIG: Signal

SK: End of QSO (or even "Silent Key" = passage to a better life)

TNX: Thanks **TX:** Transmitter

UR: Your

VA: end of work

Source: Dario Grossi (IZ4UEZ) ARI Ferrara



DEFINITIONS OF THE ELECTRICAL FEATURES OF A CABLE

CAPACITY:

The capacity of a cable is the value that indicates the properties of the dielectric to store electrical charges between the central conductor and the screen.

The capacity is expressed in pF (picofarad, 1 pF = 1×10^{-12} F). The higher is the capacity the more high frequencies are attenuated along the cable. So the **best cable** is the one that has the **lowest capacity**. (at the same impedance).

IMPEDANCE:

It indicates the opposition of a transmission line to the flow of electrons, it is expressed in Ohms and is derived from the relation between the voltage V and the current I at any point of the coaxial cable.

ATTENUATION:

It quantifies the loss of signal and is expressed in dB (Decibels). In reception and transmission (power) the attenuation is given by $10x\log_{10}(P_{in}/P_{out})$. The signal is halved every 3 dB.

SRL - STRUCTURAL RETURN LOSS:

It measures the intensity of reflected waves (toward the source) inside the cable. The SRL is highly affected by the imperfections of the impedance in one or more points along the transmission line.

SCREENING EFFICIENCY:

It generally indicates the ability of a screen to prevent electromagnetic interference, which can "contaminate" the signal along the cable and vice versa that the signal could be radiated outside of the cable. At high frequencies (> 30 MHz), this is expressed in "Screening Attenuation" (SA) and the unit of measurement is the decibel. At low frequencies (< 30 MHz), it's called transfer impedance (Zt) and it is expressed in mOhm/m.

The lower is the value in milliohms, the better is the cable performance.

In the old RG cables, the maximum screening efficiency obtained is 80 dB, while in our new cables is >105 dB (A++ CLASS).

The Zt in the old RG cables does not drop below 13 m Ω /m (RG 214), compared to 0.9 m Ω /m of our new cables:

- M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 and M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket
- M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10
- M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7
- M&P-AIRBORNE 5

VELOCITY RATIO:

It's the speed which the signal travels at, along the cable, and it is expressed as a percentage of the light speed. In the cables with plain polyethylene, the best value reached is 66%, against the 85% of the cables with foamed polyethylene dielectric.

Source: M&P Lab. (Roberto Moroni)



STANDARD PACKAGING

MODEL	Quick description	Overall size over the jacket	Type of packaging	First value Ø Flange Second value inner flange to flange Third value Ø inner tube (bobbin)	Packing CODE	Meters per packing	Gross weight per packing unit
RG 58 C/U	In compliance	Ø 5 mm 0,197 inches	Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR100	100	3,75 Kg
RG 58 C/U	with		Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR200	200	7,45 Kg
RG 58 C/U	MIL-C17-F		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x165x130 Hole Ø 45	B500	500	19,26 Kg
RG 58 C/U	military		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x325x130 Hole Ø 45	B1000	1000	37,78 Kg
RG 58 C/U	specification		Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B2000	2000	77,35 Kg
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	Evolution						
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	For DXers	Ø 5 mm 0,197 inches	Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR100	100	2,40 Kg
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	5mm cables:		Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR200	200	4,75 Kg
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	Performant		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x165x130 Hole Ø 45	B500	500	12,51 Kg
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	waterproof		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x325x130 Hole Ø 45	B1000	1000	24,28 Kg
M&P-AIRBORNE 5	lightweight		Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B2000	2000	50,35 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	Evolution	Ø 7,3 mm 0,287 inches	Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR50	50	3,50 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	For DXers		Shrinkwrapped coil	Suitable for Arianna unwinder	AR100	100	6,95 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	7mm cables:		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x165x130 Hole Ø 45	B200	200	14,56 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	Performant		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x325x130 Hole Ø 45	B500	500	35,28 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	lightweight		Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B1000	1000	72,35 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 7	ultraflexible		Wooden drum	mm. 750x335x210 Hole Ø 70	B2000	2000	150,8 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 10	Evolution	Ø 10,3 mm 0,405 inches	Shrinkwrapped coil		T50	50	6,56 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 10	of		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x165x130 Hole Ø 45	B100	100	13,76 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 10	10mm cables:		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x325x130 Hole Ø 45	B200	200	26,78 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 10	ultraflexible		Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B500	500	68,35 Kg
M&P-Ultraflex 10	High performances		Wooden drum	mm. 750x335x210 Hole Ø 70	B1000	1000	142,8 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	Evolution	Ø 10,3 mm 0,405 inches	Shrinkwrapped coil		T50	50	6,46 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	of		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x165x130 Hole Ø 45	B100	100	13,56 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	10mm cables:		Plastic bobbin	mm. 345x325x130 Hole Ø 45	B200	200	26,38 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	semi-flexible		Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B500	500	67,35 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	Very high perform.		Wooden drum	mm. 750x335x210 Hole Ø 70	B1000	1000	140,8 Kg
BROAD-PRO 50 LSZH	LSZH black jacket	Ø 10,3 mm	Wooden drum	mm. 750x335x210 Hole Ø 70	B1000	1000	143,1 Kg
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	Same as above	,	Wooden drum	mm. 500x360x160 Hole Ø 80	B400	400	70,55 Kg
Double Jacket	for Underground	Ø 12,4 mm 0,488 inches					
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50	Laying	0, 1 00 mcne3	Wooden drum	mm. 750x335x210 Hole Ø 70	B800	800	147,20 Kg



EXCELLENT QUALITY PROFESSIONAL CONNECTORS

Extensively tested by our laboratory they have shown, due to their high build quality, very low VSWR levels and impedance alteration. (Referring to models with *) - For step to step assembly instructions please visit our website.

C.BNC.BROAD50-M



* "BNC" type connector male soldering for M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10 RG 213/U RG 214 A/U

C.N.BROAD50-M



* "N" type connector male soldering for M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10 RG 213/U RG 214 A/U

C.UHF.BROAD50-M



* "UHF" type connector
male soldering for
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket
M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10
RG 213/U
RG 214 A/IJ

C.BROAD.PL259



AMPHENOL ®
"UHF" type connector
male soldering for
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket
M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10
RG 213/U
RG 214 A/U

C.TNC.BROAD50-M-S



* "TNC" type connector
male soldering for
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50
M&P-BROAD-PRO 50 Double Jacket
M&P-ULTRAFLEX 10
RG 213/U
RG 214 A/U

C.N.AC7.M-S



* "N" type connector male soldering for M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7

C.UHF.AC7.M-S



* "UHF" type connector male soldering for M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7

C.TNC.AC7-M-S



* "TNC" type connector male soldering for M&P-ULTRAFLEX 7

C.N.AC5M-S



* "N" type connector male soldering for M&P-AIRBORNE 5 RG 58 C/U

C.UHF.AC5M-S



* "UHF" type connector male soldering for M&P-AIRBORNE 5 RG 58 C/U

C.BNC174MC



"BNC" type connector male crimp type for RG 174 A/U



QUALITY STANDARD IS OUR PHILOSOPHY EXCELLENCE IN PRODUCTION IS OUR MISSION



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